

Creating Safe Connections & Environments that Promote Development

Policy 5

Whistleblowing Policy 2024/2025

The purpose of the Whistle Blowing Policy is to ensure that all staff, members and users understand the organisations requirements in relation to the disclosure of concerns.

5.1 Introduction

5.1.1 The term whistleblowing is generally used only with reference to workers and has a specific legal definition under the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998, i.e. a disclosure of information which, in the reasonable belief of the worker, is made in the public interest and tends to show serious misconduct. In a non-legal context, the term might also be used to describe a similar disclosure of information, by anyone who is not a worker. REACH recognises that as a public body, it might receive a disclosure of information, not just from its workers, but from members of the public as well.

5.1.2 The term 'worker' includes an employee of REACH, agency staff, contractor or consultant doing work for REACH, collectively referred to in this policy as "employees". A member of the public will be anybody not falling within the definition of 'employees', which could include, the parent, or any person who uses REACH services.

5.1.3 This policy applies to disclosures from employees, but also sets out REACH's commitment to deal with disclosures from members of the public in the same way. To this end, where this policy refers to a "whistleblower", it refers to both employees and members of the public who make a disclosure. In this policy, receipt of any such information will simply be referred to as a "concern" or a "disclosure".

5.1.4 REACH is committed to the highest possible standards of openness, probity and accountability. In line with that commitment, we wish to encourage employees and members of the public who have

line with that commitment, we wish to encourage employees and members of the public who have

serious concerns about any aspect of REACH's work to come forward and voice those concerns.

5.1.5 Employees are often the first to realise that there may be something seriously wrong. However,

they may not express their concerns because they feel that speaking up would be disloyal to their

colleagues or to the service. They may also fear harassment or victimisation. In these circumstances it

may be easier to ignore the concern rather than report what may just be a suspicion of malpractice.

5.1.6 This policy is intended to encourage and enable individuals to raise concerns within REACH rather

than overlooking a problem or 'blowing the whistle' outside. The policy makes it clear that individuals

can do so without fear of victimisation, subsequent discrimination or disadvantage. REACH is

committed to listening to concerns, taking them seriously and ensuring that they are dealt with

promptly and fairly.

5.1.7 The policy will be published to ensure that it is available and accessible to employees and

members of the public.

5.1.8 The policy can also be used to raise concerns about suppliers and those providing services under

a contract with REACH in their own premises, for example, the activity providers that we are

commissioning.

5.1.9 The policy is in addition to the REACH's Complaints Procedure and other statutory reporting

procedures applying to some service areas. A decision on which route each concern takes will be made

upon receipt.

5.1.10 There is a Grievance Procedure in place for employees to raise a concern relating to their own

employment.

5.1.11 In addition to REACH's commitment to protect employees who raise concerns, the Public

Interest Disclosure Act 1998 provides a worker with potential protection from detriment and dismissal

for making a 'qualifying disclosure'. The Act has rules for making a protected disclosure:

• You must reasonably believe the disclosure is in the public interest.

• You must believe it to be substantially true.

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- You must not act maliciously or make false allegations.
- You must not seek any personal gain.

5.1.12 An employee who raises a concern under this policy and reasonably believes the disclosure is in the public interest, will be protected from any claim of defamation by REACH's insurance policy.

5.2 Aims and Scope of the Policy

5.2.1 This policy aims to:

- Encourage employees and members of the public to feel confident in raising serious concerns and to question and act upon concerns about practice
- Provide avenues for employees and members of the public to raise concerns and receive feedback on any action taken
- Ensure that employees and members of the public receive a response to concerns and that they are aware of how to pursue them if they are not satisfied
- Reassure employees and members of the public that they will be protected from possible reprisals or victimisation if they have a reasonable belief that the disclosure made is in the public interest.
- Assist with deterrent and detection of wrongdoings.

5.2.2 This policy is intended to cover major concerns reasonably believed to be in the public interest in one or more of the following categories:

- Criminal offences, for example, fraud, theft, physical or sexual abuse.
- Failure to comply with an obligation set out in law.
- Miscarriages of justice.
- Abuse or bullying of clients including children and vulnerable people, Evasion of
- statutory responsibilities.
- Unauthorised use of public funds or other assets.
- Abuse of power for financial or other gain.
- Endangering of someone's health and safety (employee or member of the public).

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- Damage to the environment.
- Other causes of malpractice, negligent, unprofessional or unethical behaviour.
- Covering up wrongdoing in the above categories.

5.2.3 Thus, serious concerns which you have about any aspect of service provision or the conduct of employees or others acting on behalf of REACH can be reported under the Whistleblowing Policy. This may be something that:

- makes you feel uncomfortable in terms of known standards, your experience or the standards you believe REACH subscribes to; or
- is against REACH's Standing Orders, Financial Regulations, and policies; or
- falls below established professional standards of practice; or
- amounts to improper conduct.

5.2.4 The whistleblowing procedure cannot be used as an alternative to REACH grievance or safeguarding policy and procedures. Whistleblowing usually has an element of public interest attached to it. Typically, the matter involved presents a risk to others, such as young people's families. A concern about your own employment situation is more properly addressed by means of REACH's grievance procedure.

5.3 How to Raise a Concern

5.3.1 If you are an employee who has a concern, we hope you will feel able to raise it first with your line manager or Director in writing.

5.3.2 If you feel unable to raise the matter with your Line Manager or Director, for whatever reason, please raise the matter with Somerset Direct on 0300 123 2224 or email dinputters@somerset.gov.uk.

5.3.3 If you are a member of the public, please raise your matter directly with the Director of REACH Dan Palmer, email: dan@reachyouth.co.uk.

5.3.4 A member of staff will take your call, which will be in complete confidence. It is always helpful if you can give a little background information, but if you are not comfortable doing so, please just leave

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your contact details. You can leave a home or mobile number if you don't want to be contacted at work,

but please let the call recipient know when it would be convenient for you to be called back.

5.3.5 It is sometimes necessary to undertake an investigation. Investigations are undertaken by staff

who have the technical and professional skills relevant to each particular case.

Please consider that:

• When raising a concern, you must declare any personal interest you have in the matter.

The earlier you express the concern, the easier it is to act.

5.3.6 Although you are not expected to prove beyond doubt the truth of an allegation, you will need to

demonstrate that there are reasonable grounds for a concern. However, you must not attempt to

investigate a concern or accuse individuals directly.

5.3.7 Advice and guidance on how to pursue matters of concern may also be obtained from:

• REACH Director

• Your trade union/ a professional association representative.

5.3.8 Employees may wish to consider discussing concerns with a colleague first and may find it easier

to raise the matter if there are two (or more) of you who have had the same experience or concerns.

5.3.9 Employees may invite a trade union /professional association representative or work colleague

to be present during any meetings or interviews in connection with the concerns raised. Meetings can

be arranged off-site if necessary.

5.3.10 If there is an immediate risk call 999 for emergency services or 101 for local Police.

5.5.11 If you have concerns regarding abuse to adults or children you may also contact Safeguarding

on 0300 123 2224 or out of hours on 0300 123 23 27.

5.4 How Will We Respond

5.4.1 REACH will respond to your concerns as quickly as possible. Do not forget that testing out your

concerns is not the same as either accepting or rejecting them.

5.4.2 The action taken by REACH will depend on the nature of the concern. Where appropriate, the

matters raised may:

be investigated by management

be referred to the Police

• be referred to an external auditor

form the subject of an independent inquiry

be dealt with under a more appropriate REACH procedure

5.4.3 In order to protect individuals and those accused of misdeeds or possible malpractice, initial

enquiries will be made to decide whether an investigation is appropriate and, if so, what form it should

take. The overriding principle is the public interest. Concerns or allegations which fall within the scope

of specific procedures (for example, child protection or discrimination issues or financial irregularities)

will normally be referred for consideration under those procedures.

5.4.4 Some concerns may be resolved by agreed action without the need for investigation. If urgent

action is required, this will be taken before any investigation is conducted.

Within ten working days, REACH will write to you:

acknowledging that the concern has been received

• indicating how they propose to deal with the matter giving an estimate of how long it will take

to provide a final response

• telling you whether any initial enquiries have been made

supplying you with information on staff support mechanisms, and

telling you whether further investigations will take place, and if not, why not.

5.4.5 The amount of contact will depend on the nature of the matters raised, the potential difficulties

involved, and the clarity of the information provided. If necessary, further information will be sought

from you.

5.4.6 REACH will take steps to minimise any difficulties which you may experience as a result of raising

a concern. For example, if you are required to give evidence as an employee, REACH will arrange for

you to receive advice about the procedure from a nominated officer, usually someone from HR or legal.

5.4.7 REACH accepts that you need to be assured that the matter has been properly addressed and you

will be informed of the outcome of the investigation. In some circumstances, however, it may not be

possible to reveal the full details where this relates to personal issues involving a third party or legal

constraints.

5.4.8 If you make an allegation that you reasonably believe is in the public interest, but it is not

confirmed by the investigation, no action will be taken against you.

5.5 Support

5.5.1 If you are unsure whether to use this policy or want independent advice or support at any stage,

you may contact the independent charity Protect (formerly Public Concern at Work) on 020 3117 2520.

Their advisers can give you free confidential advice on how to raise a concerns appropriately.

5.6 How the Matter can be taken Further

5.6.1 This policy is intended to help you raise concerns you may have. Hopefully, you will be satisfied

with any action taken. If you are not, there are other people you can contact, and these are:

our Trade Union/professional association

relevant professional bodies or regulatory organisations (for example Health and Safety

Executive)

Public Concern at Work

• the Police

the ombudsman

your own solicitor

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Somerset Council

5.6.2 If you do take the matter outside the REACH, you should ensure that you do not misuse

confidential information. The person you contact should be able to advise you on this.

5.6.3 The policy, in line with the legislation, provides protection for employees who raise concerns

internally. It is inconsistent with the satisfactory operation of the policy to pursue such concerns with

the media (newspapers, TV, radio, etc) and employees who do so are unlikely to be protected by the

provisions of the Public Interest Disclosure Act and may be subject to disciplinary action.

5.7 Anonymous Allegations

5.7.1 This policy encourages you to put your name to your allegation whenever possible. Concerns

expressed anonymously or through a third party are much less powerful and may not be possible to

investigate. REACH's action will be at their joint discretion as to whether the concern will be considered

further.

5.7.2 In exercising this discretion, the factors to be taken into account would include:

• the seriousness of the issues raised;

the credibility of the concern; and

the likelihood of confirming the allegation from attributable sources.

5.8 Harassment or Victimisation

5.8.1 REACH recognises that the decision to report a concern can be a difficult one to make. REACH will

not tolerate any harassment or victimisation (including informal pressures) and will take action to

protect you when you raise a concern where you reasonably believe the disclosure is in the public

interest.

5.8.2 Disciplinary action will be taken against an employee if they try to stop you from raising a concern

or if an employee is responsible for any act of recrimination against you for raising a concern.

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 ${f 5.8.3}$ Any investigation into allegations of potential malpractice will not influence or be influenced by

any disciplinary or redundancy procedures that already affect you.

5.9 Confidentiality

5.9.1 All concerns will be treated in confidence and every effort will be made not to reveal your identity

if you so wish. It must be appreciated, however, that the investigation process may reveal the source of

the information, and that a statement may be required as part of the evidence and/or you may be asked

to come forward as a witness at the appropriate time. We will keep your identity confidential, if that is

what you want, unless required to disclose it by law (for example, by the police or if it is required to be

disclosed for the purposes of subsequent disciplinary action).

5.10 False Allegations

5.10.1 If an allegation is knowingly made frivolously, maliciously or for personal gain, disciplinary

action may be taken. The Whistleblower does not need evidence but instead need to have reasonable

belief that the concerns raised are true.

5.11 Review

5.11.1 The policy will be kept under review and as a result may be subject to amendment by the

Whistleblowing Policy Contact Officer.

Any further questions regarding guidelines in this policy then please contact one of the leadership team.

To ensure the effectiveness of this document our 'Whistleblowing' policy will be reviewed annually.

Signed:	Date:	